# **Importance of Tourism Industry in Bihar**

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# Abstract

Tourism is an important source of Entertainment and revenue generation of government now a days each and every person wants to visit tourist places where he/she get enjoyment and earns some knowledge about new areas, and location.

Tourist places are developed for many factors like-historical place, cold place, moderate climate, natural sceneries, lake, pond, sea beach, hilly area, Island, religious and political importance etc. these are the factors which attract tourist. Tourist places also create so many job opportunities like, tourist guide, Hotels, airlines railways, sports, worship material etc. for speedy development in speed way government has announced tourism as Tourism industry. Another significance is that it helps the govt to generate foreign currency. Tourism is also helpful in the area of solving the unemployment problem.

Migration is not in affect by tourism because where so many people of employment but it own houses for many purpose like, residence, Hotel, shop, museum, cinema hall, market complex, etc. Near by the tourist place migration ends or decreases but only few exception cases where migration problem creates otherwise tourism solve the problem.

Key words: - Entertainment, Tourist, Government, Migration problem. etc.

#### Introduction

Bihar in eastern India is one of the oldest inhabited places in the world with a history going back 3000 years. The rich culture and heritage of Bihar is evident from the innumerable ancient monuments that are dotted all over the state. Bihar is home to many tourist attractions and is visited by large numbers of tourists from all over the world. Around total 6 million tourists visit Bihar every year. The documented history of tourism in Bihar region dates back to the 4th century BCE. Greek geographer Megasthenes (350–290 BC) visited the region in reign of

Chandragupta Maurya. His observations were recorded in Indika. Dionysius was son of Megasthenes, who visited Pataliputra in reign of Ashoka. Hsuan-Tsang and I Ching visited Nalanda to study in the 7th century. educational tourism as Bihar was home of some prominent ancient universities like Nalanda and Vikramashila.

Bihar is the important state in India for tourist. Tourist place of Bihar is famous in world, not only India. In Bihar came tourism revalution and such a state whare all religion us sociaty, All religious traditional persons and feverable opportunity available: Galorious patternal social system, different culture, fair, festival, are the factors which is attract to tourist from long long ago. In state for appreciation of entertain full tourism, government celebrate patliputra mahotsav, Rajgir mahotsav sharawani fair etc; As we know everyone that by hardworking human being tired then want to rest for again fresh and tourism is a main source for rest of mind of man success in competion examination. By news paper, book, journal mazine, know about knowledge of tourist place but when not visited that place not know true knowledge about that place Bihar situated south east area of Himalayas and Nourth area of Jharkhand soile of Bihar is fertile, forest, mountain, skilled human resource. Bihar is Holi place of Buddhist and Jain. It saying that BIHAR word drived from VIHAR which meaning Lap attractive and visitable place. VIHAR word related to Buddha realision, Bhagawan Buddha get espritual knowledge on the earth of Bihar. The capital city of Bihar preson known as patna in ancient time was patliputra where was the capital of Samrat Ashoka. In ancient time patna town called as puspapuri or kusumpuri is town of flower king Ajatshatru was being made fort of patligram, where kings son's Udayeen made situated patliputra nagar. In (18th) Eighteen senturi son of Orangeb Azimusah call azimahal which is capital of Bihar known as patna which is world famous for tourism.

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Bihar is attractive place for holi river Ganga, beautiful vegitation and so many kinds of animal and cattle, word famous Nalanda Vishwavidalya, Vikaramshila Vishawadalya, madubani penting etc. Attractive handcraft industry

shandar bhojpuri shilk, mine and minirals delicious fruit like Lichi, Kela, Mango it is the things which is popular in world and person of every country want to visit Bihar.

#### Different sites of Tourism in Bihar

Archological sites

#### **Excavation**

Kumhrar Agam Kuan Barabar Caves Nalanda Vikramashila Kesaria

#### Ancient

Vishnupada Temple

Mahabodhi Temple Sasaram

Maner Sharif Patliputra

Brahmayoni Hill Pretshila Hill

Ramshila Hill Thawe Mandir

#### **Forts**

Rohtasgarh Fort

Palamu Fort

Jalalgarh Fort

Maner Fort

Raj Mahal

Munger Fort

Hathua Fort

#### **Pilgrimages**

Bihar of the various religions like one most sacred place of Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, Sikhism & Islam, Many tourist travel Bihar visit to to their pilgrimage.

Mahabodhi Temple, a Buddhist shrine and UNESCO World Heritage Site, is also situated in Bihar. Mahatma Gandhi Setu, Patna, is one of the longest bridge in the world.

# Hindu pilgrimages

A Mahavir Mandir, Patna having second highest budget in North India after the famous Vaishno Devishrine.

Sitamarhi

Madhuban Punausa

Buxar West Champaran

Jamui Munger Darbhanga Anga Patna Gaya

Bhabua

Thawe mandir

### Sikh pilgrimages

The capital of Bihar, Patna is one of the holiest city in Sikhism, as The tenth Guru of the Sikhs Guru Gobind Singh was born here in 1666 and spent his early years before moving to Anandpur. Patna was also honoured by visits from Guru Nanak in 1509 as well as Guru Tegh Bahadur in 1666.

Saheb - is, one of the Five Takhts of the Sikhism. Takht Shri Harmandir The Gurdwara at Patna Sahib is in remembrance of the birthplace of Guru Gobind Singh, The tenth Guru of the Sikhs.

Gurdwara Pahila Bara - commonly known as Gurdwara Ghai Ghat, is dedicated to Guru Nanak Dev, who during his visit in to Patna stayed here in 1509 and later by Guru Tegh Bahadur along with his family visited this place in 1666.

Gurdwara Gobind Ghat - is where the child Guru Gobind Singh used to play with his playmates on the bank of the Ganges. It is situated on the bank of river Ganges and hardly 200 yards from Takht Shri Harmandir Saheb. It is also known as Gurdwara Kangan Ghat.

Gurdwara Guru ka Bagh - This Gurdwara is situated 2 miles far from the birthplace of Guru Gobind Singh.

Gurdwara Bal Leela - This place is just few meters away from TakhatPatna Sahib. Guru ji were playing with other children during his childhoodied Gurdwara Bal Leelais also known as Maini Sangat.

Gurdwara Handi Sahib - This Gurdwara was built in the memory of Guru TegBahadur.

As Guru Teg Bahadur with Mata Gujri and Bala Preetam stayed here in 1728

Gurdwara Taksali Sangat

Gurdwara Chacha Phaggu Mal

Gurdwara Pakki Sangat

Gurdwara Bari Sangat Sri Guru Tegh Bahadur Ji Chauki.

Rajplace Rajnagar madhubani

# **Buddhism pilgrimages**

The 94 ft. tall Vishal Buddha Mandir, Bodh Gaya

Mahabodhi Temple, Bodh Gaya

Vaishali Nalanda Rajgir Kesariya Vikramashila Areraj

Pataliputra

# Islamic pilgrimages

Sasaram Maner Sharif

Bihar Sharif Phulwari Sharif

Gaya Aurangabad

Siwan Katihar

Bhagalpur Darbhanga

Purnia

# Jain pilgrimages

Jal Mandir at Pawapuri

The tallest statue of Lord Vasupujya, Champapur

Rajgir - Rajgir is supposed to be to be birthplace of Munisuvrata, the twentieth Tirthankara

Pawapuri - Bhagwan Mahavira, the last Jain Tirthankar, attained Nirvana from Pawapuri.

Pataliputra

Arrah

Vikramashila

Vaishali

Champapur - Champapur is a Jain Teerth Kshetra. It is the place where all the five kalyanaks of Bhagwan Vasupujya have taken place. The tallest statue of Bhagwan Vasupujya which stands 31 Feet in height was built in Champapur in

2014. The Panch Kalyanak Pratishtha Mahotsav of the statue was done from 27 Feb to 3 Mar 2014.

# Other pilgrimages

Padri Ki Haveli

Hawa Mahal

Buildings and structures

Golghar

Patna Museum

Kargil Chowk

Mahatma Gandhi Setu

#### Museums

#### **History museums**

Bihar Museum - currently opened only partially and under construction, would be the state museum replacing Patna Museum.

Patna Museum - is the state museum of Bihar. It was built by the British during the British Raj in the year 1917 to house the historical artifacts found in the vicinity of Patna.

Jalan Museum

Darbhanga Museum

Nalanda Museum

Bodh Gaya Museum

Vaishali Museum

Vikramshila Museum

#### **Science museums**

Patna Planetarium - is one of the largest planetariums in Asia. The Patna Planetarium was dedicated to the Nation and opened for the public from April 1, 1993.

Srikrishna Science Centre - This institution forms a unit of the National Council of Science Museums, an autonoums body under the ministry of Culture. It is located at south-western corner of the Gandhi Maidan. Eco Center

#### Eco centre

Valmiki National Park

Vikramshila Gangetic Dolphin Sanctuary

Kanwar Lake Bird Sanctuary

Bhimbandh Wildlife Sanctuary

Sanjay Gandhi Jaivik Udyan - is classified as one of the 16 large zoos in the country and is also known as Patna Zoo. This is situated on Bailey Road in Patna.

Kakolat Waterfall

Telhar Waterfall

Karkat Waterfall

### Fairs and festivals

• Chhath Puja

Sonepur Fair

Rajgir Mahotsav

Patna Film Festival

Chhath

Pitrapaksh Fair

# **Importance of Tourism**

- 1. Share of National income of Tourism
- 2. Role of Industrial development.
- 3. Helpful in Employment
- 4. Source of income of state Govt.

- 5. Importance place for consumed expenses.
- 6. Importance for forner.
- 7. Importance in Hotel Business.
- 8. Importance for development of small and hut Industry.
- 9. Importance in water tourism.
- 10. Importance in Maintain religious and social Invironment.
- 11. Importance for Hotel and Tourism management Institution
- 12. Importance in airways Tourism
- 13. Importance in development fo Human maind and entertainment.
- 14. Importance in safe of Natural Resources
- 15. Importance in development of science.

# Objective of the study

Every one known that Bihar fully based on agriculture life "History and Culural Heritage given proof that Bihar known as agriculture state along with Rishi Pradhan State". Bihar is the land of Bhagwan Buddha, God mahavira. Sufi sant, and Guru Govind singh etc these grate sant and philosopher give own philosophy and tecchnique for pice in world. Now a day in world market every customer want to search peace. Every part of world Tourist go here to there for search of peace which is found in so many Tourist place.

State government of Bihar prepare a plan for twenty years master plan for different Tourist place. By master plan government take advice of expert and specilist for development for develop and developing tourist place. Bihar such a state where posibility to develop Hiway Tourism because by Roadways Bihar connect Est-North state and also Nepal, By Hiway Tourism local public get employment. Govt. of Bihar and specially Nitish Kumar announce that in Tourism add more and more local public in tourism industry.

Tourism industry as is highly comparative market like other Industry. Available infrasture use in systematic way and advertisement by Govt, publish some book and take part in fair and function Govt. come inform that all type of Tourist place which is situated in Bihar give protection for develop and on that palce available 24 hours electricity, well furnished hotel, lodge, Bhojanalaya, market and source of Enterteinment. Main moto that visit more and more Tourist and local person get more

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employment and natural resources use in good ways Tourist get peace and happiness after visit the Bihar's Tourist place. This inforcable work of Bihar Government in Tourism area that in very short period reduce the population pressure on agriculture and in area of transport and tourist get more opportunity for employment and Bihar make a example of saravadham sambhav and got world level goodwill in Tourist make marketing in world market with faithfull invironment.

# Problem of Tourism industry in Bihar

Tourist industry not got position of industry in Bihar while in other state tourist department get facility as like of industry, because it is not possible that all population depend on agriculture, Tajmahal of Agra, Golden temple of Punjab, Vaishnodevi of Jammu Kashamir, etc. attract more and more tourist. In Bihar there is some problem which is reason to not develop tourist place some reason is given bellow.

- Terrorism and extremism 1.
- 2. Lack of good transport system.
- 3. Lack of govt. prirorty.
- 4. Lack of Tourism education.
- 5. Not use good ways of natural resource
- 6. Lack of Govt facility of Hotel and Rest houses.
- 7. Lack of govt. Administration on tourist place.
- 8. Concept of Anty religious.
- 9. Lack of Artificial resource on tourist place.
- 10. Lack of tax management when selebrate samaroh and mahotsaw.
- 11. Not a clear policy on some tourist matter.
- 12. No complete solution of employment by tourism.
- 13. Lack of tourism manangement institute.

- 14. Lack of communication system related to tourism.
- 15. Large amount fo scame on the name of govt. Facility.
- 16. Religious propganda is disturbing element on religious place.
- 17. Lack of social environment for tourism.
- 18. Lack of trained and educated tourist guard.

# **Findings**

Bihar is the state of villages and mostly population of Bihar depended on agriculture but now slowly slowely some part of population move in side of tourism so many job opportunity get in tourism like tourist guard, Hotel, resturent, transport, marketing, workship matterial, dress, etc. Tourism department of Bihar Government always prograssive for development of tourism, so many committee formed by govt. for recrection and development of tourist place. Buddha close cercite established for development of Bouddhist Tourist same as like vaishali development committee, Buddha soceity, Rajgir Vikash Committee etc governemnt special take care to small size of tourist place, which is not come till now in state or national level, tourist place, many type of development fund realised for that type of place. Government special take care about agriculture tourism, bagan tourism like-lichi, bagan, banana bagan, mango bagan, betal (pan) kothi etc, production of hese above things on national level therefore state government given so many facility to develop type of tourist sports cotton mill, silk cloth industry have established and get business profit and Bihar improve in economical sector but in these industry place without investment any capital. It also will be a source of income of state government state government stape by stape looking forward in this side. Last five to ten year environment of tourism in Bihar increase, social environment, political environment improve and decrease terirism, extrarison Religious differencian and consumption of natural resources in lucide manner. Government should remove each and every problem which is remove the pressure of population on agriculture and increase per capita income of Bihar.

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# **Suggestion**

Tourism department of Bihar follow old system in tourist place, old machine, old hotel, old system of hotel arrangement, while world people develop in all side. Bihar government is going to provide facility like industry to tourism. There is some work then tourism department contribute in par capita income of Bihar and decrease the pressure of population on agriculture which s given bellow

- 1. End the terrist environment from tourist place
- 2. Bihar govt arrange good facility of transport
- 3. Govt. arrange the education regarding tourist
- 4. Best use of natural resources.
- 5. Arrangement rest house, dharmasala, resturent. Hotel on quality based.
- 6. Remove the anty religious concepts.
- 7. Good quality of communication related to tousist place
- 8. Special take care to tourist place by govt.
- 9. Search the Job opportunity in tourism
- 10. Make social envirement for tourism.
- 11. Govt. give subsidy and tourist package.
- 12. Suggestion regarding act

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